Perineal Urethrostomy for Complex Urethral Strictures

Long-Term Patient-Reported Outcomes from a Reconstructive Referral Center and a Scoping Literature Review

Klemm J. et al., Journal of Urology, 2024

Presented by: Mojtaba Mirzadeh, Farshad Gholipour Department of Reconstructive Urology

October 2025

Background

- Complex anterior urethral strictures remain challenging.
- - Multiple failed urethroplasties and comorbidities limit options.
- - Perineal urethrostomy (PU) offers a salvage route for perineal voiding.
- Few data exist on long-term functional and patient-reported outcomes.

Objective

 To evaluate long-term functional success and patient-reported outcomes after definitive PU at a reconstructive referral center, supplemented by a scoping literature review.

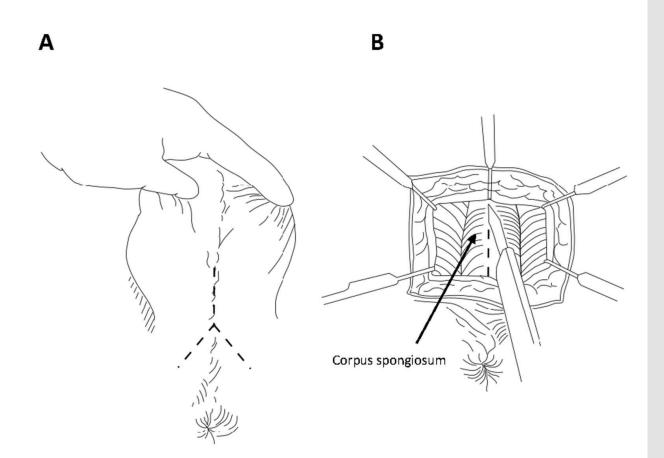
Methods

- - Retrospective cohort (2009–2023), n=76 males (median age 73).
- - Objective: retreatment-free survival.
- Subjective: validated PROMs (LUTS, ICIQ-UI SF, IIEF-EF, MSHQ-Ej, ICIQ-S).
- - Median follow-up: 55 months.
- - IRB-approved (PV4123, Hamburg).

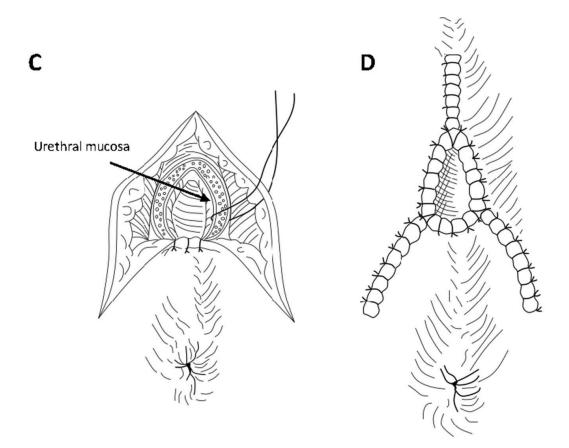
Surgical Technique

- - Inverted Y-shaped perineal incision.
- Ventral bulbar urethrotomy (~4 cm) and skin-tomucosa suturing.
- - Formation of oval neomeatus and Y-scar.
- - Based on technique by Myers JB et al., 2011.

Surgical Technique



Surgical Technique



Baseline Characteristics

- Median age: 73 (IQR 63–77)
- • latrogenic etiology: 55%
- • Prior urethral interventions: 82%
- Median stricture length: 3 cm
- Multi-segment strictures: 76%

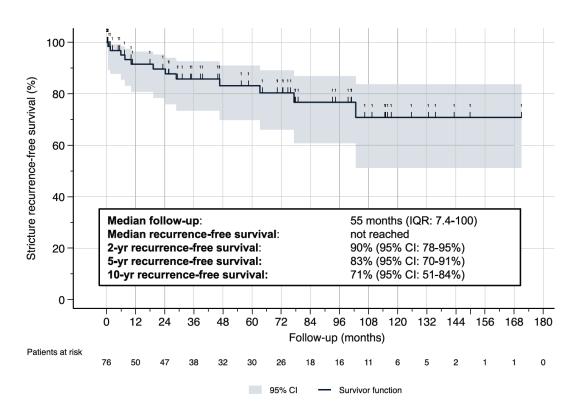
Functional Outcomes

- - Functional success: 84% (retreatment-free).
- - Recurrence: 10% @2y, 17% @5y, 29% @10y.
- - Complications: minor 9%, major 2.6%.

Patient-Reported Outcomes (PROMs)

- • LUTS score (0–24): median $4 \rightarrow$ mild symptoms
- ICIQ-UISF (o−21): median o → excellent continence
- IIEF-EF (1–30): median 3.5 → variable sexual function
- • MSHQ-Ej (1–35): median 21
- ICIQ-S (0−24): median 21 → high satisfaction (9/10)

Retreatment free survival



Scoping Literature Review

- - 18 studies (1,273 patients).
- - Reported success rates: 51–95%.
- Only 5 studies used validated PROMs.
- - Major heterogeneity in definitions and patient selection.

Discussion -Comparative Success and Function

- - PU achieved high long-term success (83–90%) comparable to urethroplasty.
- - Particularly effective in patients with multisegment strictures.
- - In staged urethroplasty, patency often <80% in similar populations.
- - Indicates strong role of PU as durable alternative.

Discussion -Functional and Sexual Outcomes

- - Voiding and continence scores similar to younger urethroplasty patients.
- - PU did not significantly impair erectile function.
- - Bimodal distribution suggests two subgroups of sexual outcomes.
- Only 5% reported subjective erectile decline.

Discussion – Patient Satisfaction and Clinical Implications

- - Overall satisfaction exceptionally high (ICIQ-S median 21).
- Low morbidity and short operative time.
- PU may be preferable for elderly or comorbid patients.
- - Highlights need for prospective PROM-based trials to refine selection.

Conclusion

- - PU provides durable, satisfying outcomes for complex anterior strictures.
- - High continence and voiding scores with acceptable sexual outcomes.
- - Should be considered a first-line option in older or high-risk patients.